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Classification Data

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L1 207 DOCK2

=> s ELMO  
L2 883 ELMO

=> s L1 and L2  
L3 9 L1 AND L2

=> d L3 full 1-9  
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L3 ANSWER 1 OF 9 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2009 Elsevier B.V. All rights  
reserved on STN  
AN 2008599701 EMBASE  
TI Parallel phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K)-dependent and Src-dependent  
pathways lead to CXCL8-mediated Rac2 activation and chemotaxis.  
AU Richmond, Ann (correspondence)  
CS Department of Veterans Affairs, School of Medicine, Vanderbilt University,  
Nashville, TN 37232, United States. ann.richmond@vanderbilt.edu  
AU Sai, Jiqing; Raman, Dayanidhi; Richmond, Ann (correspondence)  
CS Dept. of Cancer Biology, School of Medicine, Vanderbilt University,  
Nashville, TN 37232, United States. ann.richmond@vanderbilt.edu  
AU Liu, Yuxin; Wikswo, John  
CS VIBRE and Biomedical Engineering, School of Engineering, Vanderbilt  
University, Nashville, TN 37212, United States.  
SO Journal of Biological Chemistry, (26 Sep 2008) Vol. 283, No. 39, pp.  
26538-26547.  
Refs: 47  
ISSN: 0021-9258 E-ISSN: 1083-351X CODEN: JBCHA3  
PB American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology Inc., 9650  
Rockville Pike, Bethesda, MD 20814, United States.  
CY United States  
DT Journal; Article  
FS 029 Clinical and Experimental Biochemistry

LA English  
 SL English  
 ED Entered STN: 16 Jan 2009  
 Last Updated on STN: 16 Jan 2009  
 AB The requirement for phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K) in the establishment of cell polarity and motility in a number of cell types has recently come into question. In this study, we demonstrate that inhibition of PI3K by wortmannin in neutrophil-like differentiated HL60 cells expressing CXCR2 resulted in reduced cell motility but normal chemotaxis in response to a gradient of CXCL8. However, wortmannin inhibition of PI3K did impair the ability of cells to re-orient their polarity and respond quickly to a change in the direction of the CXCL8 gradient. We hypothesized that Src-regulated ELMO-Dock2-Rac2 activation mediates chemotaxis in the absence of PI3K activity. Inhibition of Src with the small molecule inhibitor, PP2, or inhibition of Dock2 by shRNA knockdown confirmed the functional role of Src and Dock2 in regulating chemotaxis when PI3K was inhibited. Moreover, neutrophils isolated from bone marrow of hck(-/-)fgr(-/-)lyn(-/-) mice exhibited much more severe inhibition of chemotaxis when PI3K was blocked with wortmannin as compared with neutrophils isolated from bone marrow of wild-type mice. Thus, PI3K and Src-ELMO-Dock2 pathways work in parallel to activate Rac2 and modulate chemotaxis in response to a CXCL8 gradient in neutrophils.  
 CT Medical Descriptors:  
 animal cell  
 article  
 bone marrow  
 cell motility  
 cell polarity  
 cell strain HL 60  
 controlled study  
 enzyme activity  
 mouse  
 neutrophil  
 nonhuman  
 priority journal  
 CT Drug Descriptors:  
 4 amino 7 tert butyl 5 (4 chlorophenyl)pyrazolo[3,4 d]pyrimidine  
 guanine nucleotide binding protein  
 \*interleukin 8  
 \*phosphatidylinositol 3 kinase inhibitor  
 protein dock2  
 protein tyrosine kinase  
 \*Rac2 protein  
 short hairpin RNA  
 unclassified drug  
 wortmannin  
 RN (interleukin 8) 114308-91-7; (protein tyrosine kinase) 80449-02-1;  
 (wortmannin) 19545-26-7  
 L3 ANSWER 2 OF 9 EMBASE COPYRIGHT (c) 2009 Elsevier B.V. All rights reserved on STN  
 AN 2002328924 EMBASE  
 TI The CDM protein DOCK2 in lymphocyte migration.  
 AU Reif, Karin (correspondence); Cyster, Jason G  
 CS Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Dept of Microbiology and Immunology, University of California San Francisco, San Francisco, CA 94143-0414, United States. kreif@itsa.ucsf.edu; cyster@itsa.ucsf.edu  
 AU Reif, Karin (correspondence)  
 CS Howard Hughes Medical Institute, Dept. of Microbiology, Univ. of California San Francisco, San Francisco, CA 94143-0414, United States. kreif@itsa.ucsf.edu

SO Trends in Cell Biology, (1 Aug 2002) Vol. 12, No. 8, pp. 368-373.  
 Refs: 58  
 ISSN: 0962-8924 CODEN: TCBIK  
 PUI S 0962-8924(02)02330-9  
 CY United Kingdom  
 DT Journal; General Review; (Review)  
 FS 026 Immunology, Serology and Transplantation  
 029 Clinical and Experimental Biochemistry  
 LA English  
 SL English  
 ED Entered STN: 26 Sep 2002  
 Last Updated on STN: 26 Sep 2002  
 AB T and B lymphocytes migrate hundreds of micrometers each day to survey the body's lymphoid tissues for antigens. No other mammalian cell type undergoes such extensive and continual movement, raising the question of whether lymphocytes have specializations to support their migratory behavior. This possibility has recently gained support from studies of mice deficient in DOCK2, a member of the Caenorhabditis elegans Ced-5, mammalian DOCK180 and Drosophila melanogaster myoblast city (CDM) family of scaffolding proteins. Migration of lymphocytes, but not other cell types, is severely disrupted in DOCK2-deficient mice. Despite the conserved role of CDM molecules in regulating Rac activation and actin assembly, relatively little is known about how these molecules function. Here, we review the role of DOCK2 in lymphocyte homing to lymphoid tissues and discuss recent findings for other CDM family molecules that provide a basis for understanding how DOCK2 might function in lymphocytes.

CT Medical Descriptors:  
 B lymphocyte  
 Caenorhabditis elegans  
 cell type  
 chemotaxis  
 Drosophila melanogaster  
 \*lymphocyte migration  
 lymphoid tissue  
 molecule  
 myoblast  
 nonhuman  
 nucleotide sequence  
 priority journal  
 protein assembly  
 protein expression  
 protein function  
 protein protein interaction  
 review  
 sequence homology  
 T lymphocyte

CT Drug Descriptors:  
 actin  
 chemokine  
 chemokine cxcl13  
 chemokine receptor CCR2  
 macrophage inflammatory protein 3beta  
 monocyte chemotactic protein 1  
 pertussis toxin  
 \*protein  
 protein ced 10  
 protein Ced 12  
 protein Ced 5  
 protein DOCK180  
 protein DOCK2  
 protein ELMO 1

protein ELMO 2  
 protein ELMO 3  
 protein myoblast city  
 Rac protein  
 secondary lymphoid tissue chemokine  
 stromal cell derived factor 1  
 unclassified drug

RN (macrophage inflammatory protein 3beta) 181030-14-8; (pertussis toxin)  
 70323-44-3; (protein) 67254-75-5

GEN GENBANK AB002297 referred number; GENBANK AC003077 referred number;  
 GENBANK AC003080 referred number; GENBANK AF010409 referred number;  
 GENBANK D50857 referred number; GENBANK D86964 referred number; GENBANK  
 NM\_014705 referred number; GENBANK U20939 referred number

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 9 MEDLINE on STN  
 AN 2008614691 MEDLINE  
 DN PubMed ID: 18662984  
 TI Parallel phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K)-dependent and Src-dependent  
 pathways lead to CXCL8-mediated Rac2 activation and chemotaxis.  
 AU Sai Jiing; Raman Dayanidhi; Liu Yuxin; Wikswo John; Richmond Ann  
 CS Department of Cancer Biology, School of Medicine, Vanderbilt University,  
 Nashville, Tennessee 37232, USA.  
 NC CA34590 (United States NCI)  
 CA68485 (United States NCI)  
 U54CA113007 (United States NCI)  
 SO The Journal of biological chemistry, (2008 Sep 26) Vol. 283, No. 39, pp.  
 26538-47. Electronic Publication: 2008-07-28.  
 Journal code: 2985121R. ISSN: 0021-9258.  
 CY United States  
 DT Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
 (RESEARCH SUPPORT, N.I.H., EXTRAMURAL)  
 (RESEARCH SUPPORT, NON-U.S. GOV'T)  
 (RESEARCH SUPPORT, U.S. GOV'T, NON-P.H.S.)  
 LA English  
 FS Priority Journals  
 EM 200811  
 ED Entered STN: 23 Sep 2008  
 Last Updated on STN: 11 Nov 2008  
 Entered Medline: 10 Nov 2008

AB The requirement for phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K) in the  
 establishment of cell polarity and motility in a number of cell types has  
 recently come into question. In this study, we demonstrate that  
 inhibition of PI3K by wortmannin in neutrophil-like differentiated HL60  
 cells expressing CXCR2 resulted in reduced cell motility but normal  
 chemotaxis in response to a gradient of CXCL8. However, wortmannin  
 inhibition of PI3K did impair the ability of cells to re-orient their  
 polarity and respond quickly to a change in the direction of the CXCL8  
 gradient. We hypothesized that Src-regulated ELMO-Dock2  
 -Rac2 activation mediates chemotaxis in the absence of PI3K activity.  
 Inhibition of Src with the small molecule inhibitor, PP2, or inhibition of  
 Dock2 by shRNA knockdown confirmed the functional role of Src and  
 Dock2 in regulating chemotaxis when PI3K was inhibited. Moreover,  
 neutrophils isolated from bone marrow of hck(-/-)fgr(-/-)lyn(-/-) mice  
 exhibited much more severe inhibition of chemotaxis when PI3K was blocked  
 with wortmannin as compared with neutrophils isolated from bone marrow of  
 wild-type mice. Thus, PI3K and Src-ELMO-Dock2  
 pathways work in parallel to activate Rac2 and modulate chemotaxis in  
 response to a CXCL8 gradient in neutrophils.

CT 1-Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase  
 Androstadienes: PD, pharmacology  
 Animals  
 Cell Polarity: PH, physiology

Chemotaxis: DE, drug effects  
 \*Chemotaxis: PH, physiology  
 Guanine Nucleotide Exchange Factors: GE, genetics  
 Guanine Nucleotide Exchange Factors: ME, metabolism  
 HL-60 Cells  
 Humans  
 Interleukin-8: GE, genetics  
 \*Interleukin-8: ME, metabolism  
 Mice  
 Mice, Knockout  
 Nerve Tissue Proteins: GE, genetics  
 Nerve Tissue Proteins: ME, metabolism  
 Neutrophils: CY, cytology  
 \*Neutrophils: ME, metabolism  
 Protein Kinase Inhibitors: PD, pharmacology  
 Proto-Oncogene Proteins c-hck: GE, genetics  
 Proto-Oncogene Proteins c-hck: ME, metabolism  
 Pyrimidines: PD, pharmacology  
 Receptors, Interleukin-8B: GE, genetics  
 \*Receptors, Interleukin-8B: ME, metabolism  
 Signal Transduction: DE, drug effects  
 Signal Transduction: PH, physiology  
 rac GTP-Binding Proteins: GE, genetics  
 \*rac GTP-Binding Proteins: ME, metabolism  
 src-Family Kinases: GE, genetics  
 \*src-Family Kinases: ME, metabolism

RN 19545-26-7 (wortmannin)

CN 0 (AG 1879); 0 (Androstadienes); 0 (DOCK2 protein, human); 0 (DOCK3 protein, human); 0 (FGD1-related Cdc42-GEF protein, human); 0 (Guanine Nucleotide Exchange Factors); 0 (IL8 protein, human); 0 (Interleukin-8); 0 (Nerve Tissue Proteins); 0 (Protein Kinase Inhibitors); 0 (Pyrimidines); 0 (Receptors, Interleukin-8B); EC 2.7.1.112 (HCK protein, human); EC 2.7.1.112 (Hck protein, mouse); EC 2.7.1.112 (Proto-Oncogene Proteins c-hck); EC 2.7.1.112 (lyn protein-tyrosine kinase); EC 2.7.1.112 (src-Family Kinases); EC 2.7.1.137 (1-Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase); EC 3.6.1.- (rac2 GTP-binding protein); EC 3.6.5.2 (rac GTP-Binding Proteins)

L3 ANSWER 4 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2008:1130400 CAPLUS

DN 149:353567

ED Entered STN: 19 Sep 2008

TI Parallel Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase (PI3K)-dependent and Src-dependent Pathways Lead to CXCL8-mediated Rac2 Activation and Chemotaxis

AU Sai, Jiqing; Raman, Dayanidhi; Liu, Yuxin; Wikswo, John; Richmond, Ann

CS Department of Cancer Biology, School of Medicine, Vanderbilt University, Nashville, TN, 37232, USA

SO Journal of Biological Chemistry (2008), 283(39), 26538-26547

CODEN: JBCHA3; ISSN: 0021-9258

PB American Society for Biochemistry and Molecular Biology

DT Journal

LA English

CC 15-5 (Immunochemistry)

AB The requirement for phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K) in the establishment of cell polarity and motility in a number of cell types has recently come into question. In this study, the authors demonstrate that inhibition of PI3K by wortmannin in neutrophil-like differentiated HL60 cells expressing CXCR2 resulted in reduced cell motility but normal chemotaxis in response to a gradient of CXCL8. However, wortmannin inhibition of PI3K did impair the ability of cells to re-orient their polarity and respond quickly to a change in the direction of the CXCL8 gradient. The authors hypothesized that Src-regulated ELMO-Dock2-Rac2 activation mediates chemotaxis in the absence of PI3K

activity. Inhibition of Src with the small mol. inhibitor, PP2, or inhibition of Dock2 by shRNA knockdown confirmed the functional role of Src and Dock2 in regulating chemotaxis when PI3K was inhibited. Moreover, neutrophils isolated from bone marrow of hck-/-fgr-/-lyn-/- mice exhibited much more severe inhibition of chemotaxis when PI3K was blocked with wortmannin as compared with neutrophils isolated from bone marrow of wild-type mice. Thus, PI3K and Src-ELMO-Dock2 pathways work in parallel to activate Rac2 and modulate chemotaxis in response to a CXCL8 gradient in neutrophils.

- ST phosphatidylinositol kinase CXCL8 chemokine signaling neutrophil chemotaxis
- IT CD antigens
  - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (CD182; phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)
- IT CXC chemokine receptors
  - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (CXCR2; phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)
- IT Proteins
  - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (Dock2; phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)
- IT Proteins
  - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (ELMO1; phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)
- IT G proteins (guanine nucleotide-binding proteins)
  - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (Rac2; phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)
- IT Neutrophil
  - (chemotaxis; phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)
- IT Chemotaxis
  - (neutrophil; phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)
- IT Cell polarity
  - Human
  - Signal transduction
    - (phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)
- IT Interleukin 8
  - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)
- IT Interleukin 8 receptors
  - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) ( $\beta$ ; phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)
- IT 115926-52-8, Phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase 141349-89-5, Src kinase
  - RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (phosphatidylinositol kinase- and Src-dependent signaling pathways for

interleukin 8-induced Rac2 activation in neutrophil chemotaxis)

RE.CNT 47 THERE ARE 47 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD  
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L3 ANSWER 5 OF 9 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

AN 2004:471072 CAPLUS

DN 141:17607

ED Entered STN: 10 Jun 2004

TI Functional domain and associated molecule of DOCK2 essentially  
required in lymphocyte migration

IN Fukui, Yoshinori; Sasazuki, Takehiko

PA Japan Science and Technology Agency, Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 109 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent



LA Japanese  
 IC ICM G01N033-566  
 ICS G01N033-50; G01N033-15; C12N015-12  
 CC 1-7 (Pharmacology)  
 FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004048974	A1	20040610	WO 2003-JP14538	20031114
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	RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
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	JP 3568522	B2	20040922		
	CA 2506803	A1	20040610	CA 2003-2506803	20031114
	EP 1580556	A1	20050928	EP 2003-772787	20031114
	EP 1580556	B1	20090107		
	R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
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	US 20060234294	A1	20061019	US 2005-535223	20050517
PRAI	JP 2002-342683	A	20021126		
	WO 2003-JP14538	W	20031114		

# CLASS

PATENT NO.	CLASS	PATENT FAMILY CLASSIFICATION CODES
WO 2004048974	ICM	G01N033-566
	ICS	G01N033-50; G01N033-15; C12N015-12
	IPCI	G01N0033-566 [ICM,7]; G01N0033-50 [ICS,7]; G01N0033-15 [ICS,7]; C12N0015-12 [ICS,7]
	IPCR	A61K0045-00 [I,C*]; A61K0045-00 [I,A]; A61P0037-00 [I,C*]; A61P0037-02 [I,A]; A61P0037-06 [I,A]; A61P0037-08 [I,A]; A61P0043-00 [I,C*]; A61P0043-00 [I,A]; C12N0015-09 [I,C*]; C12N0015-09 [I,A]; C12N0015-12 [I,C*]; C12N0015-12 [I,A]; G01N0033-15 [I,C*]; G01N0033-15 [I,A]; G01N0033-50 [I,C*]; G01N0033-50 [I,A]; G01N0033-564 [I,C*]; G01N0033-564 [I,A]; G01N0033-566 [I,C*]; G01N0033-566 [I,A]
	ECLA	G01N033/564; S01N
JP 2004177226	IPCI	G01N0033-50 [ICM,7]; A61K0045-00 [ICS,7]; A61P0037-02 [ICS,7]; A61P0037-06 [ICS,7]; A61P0037-08 [ICS,7]; A61P0037-00 [ICS,7,C*]; A61P0043-00 [ICS,7]; G01N0033-15 [ICS,7]; G01N0033-566 [ICS,7]; C12N0015-09 [ICS,7]
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	FTERM	2G045/AA40; 2G045/BB03; 2G045/BB20; 2G045/CA17; 2G045/CB01; 2G045/CB21; 2G045/DA12; 2G045/DA13; 2G045/DA14; 2G045/DA36; 2G045/DA37; 4B024/AA01; 4B024/AA11; 4B024/BA21; 4B024/BA63; 4B024/CA04; 4B024/CA07; 4B024/DA02; 4B024/EA04; 4B024/GA11; 4B024/HA01; 4C084/AA17; 4C084/NA14; 4C084/ZB072; 4C084/ZB082; 4C084/ZB132; 4C084/ZC022
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	IPCR	A61K0045-00 [I,C*]; A61K0045-00 [I,A]; A61P0037-00

[I,C\*]; A61P0037-02 [I,A]; A61P0037-06 [I,A];  
A61P0037-08 [I,A]; A61P0043-00 [I,C\*]; A61P0043-00  
[I,A]; C12N0015-09 [I,C\*]; C12N0015-09 [I,A];  
C12N0015-12 [I,C\*]; C12N0015-12 [I,A]; G01N0033-15  
[I,C\*]; G01N0033-15 [I,A]; G01N0033-50 [I,C\*];  
G01N0033-50 [I,A]; G01N0033-564 [I,C\*]; G01N0033-564  
[I,A]; G01N0033-566 [I,C\*]; G01N0033-566 [I,A]

EP 1580556 ECLA G01N033/564  
IPCI G01N0033-566 [I,C]; G01N0033-566 [I,A]  
IPCR A61K0045-00 [I,C\*]; A61K0045-00 [I,A]; A61P0037-00  
[I,C\*]; A61P0037-02 [I,A]; A61P0037-06 [I,A];  
A61P0037-08 [I,A]; A61P0043-00 [I,C\*]; A61P0043-00  
[I,A]; C12N0015-09 [I,C\*]; C12N0015-09 [I,A];  
C12N0015-12 [I,C\*]; C12N0015-12 [I,A]; G01N0033-15  
[I,C\*]; G01N0033-15 [I,A]; G01N0033-50 [I,C\*];  
G01N0033-50 [I,A]; G01N0033-564 [I,C\*]; G01N0033-564  
[I,A]

JP 2004226418 ECLA G01N033/564; S01N  
IPCI G01N0033-50 [I,A]; G01N0033-15 [I,A]; G01N0033-53  
[I,A]; G01N0033-566 [I,A]; C07K0014-47 [N,A];  
C07K0014-435 [N,C\*]  
IPCR C07K0014-435 [N,C\*]; C07K0014-47 [N,A]; G01N0033-15  
[I,A]; G01N0033-15 [I,C\*]; G01N0033-50 [I,A];  
G01N0033-50 [I,C\*]; G01N0033-53 [I,A]; G01N0033-53  
[I,C\*]; G01N0033-566 [I,A]; G01N0033-566 [I,C\*]  
FTERM 2G045/AA34; 2G045/AA35; 2G045/AA40; 2G045/BA11;  
2G045/BB50; 2G045/DA13; 2G045/DA36; 2G045/FB02;  
4H045/AA30; 4H045/BA10; 4H045/CA40; 4H045/EA50;  
4H045/FA74

US 20060234294 IPCI G01N0033-53 [I,A]  
NCL 435/007.100  
ECLA G01N033/564

AB It is intended to provide a method of screening a substance interfering  
the association of DOCK2 with ELMO1, a method of screening a  
substance interfering the association of ELMO1 with Tiam1, a method of  
searching for remedies for immune-related diseases such as allergy,  
autoimmune diseases, GvH and graft rejection by using these screening  
methods, etc. It is found out that a DOCK2 mutant lacking 504  
amino acid residues at the N-end of DOCK2 shows a remarkably  
lowered ability to activate Rac and cannot induce actin polymerization ELMO1  
is identified as a mol. binding to this region. It is also found out that  
DOCK2 is associated with ELMO1 via the SH3 domain. It is furthermore  
found out that ELMO1 binds to Tiam1 which acts as a Rac-specific GDP/GTP  
exchange factor (GEF). Thus, it is found out that DOCK 2 recruits Tiam1  
via ELMO1 and thus activates Rac.

ST DOCK2 ELMO1 lymphocyte migration immunosuppressant screening  
IT Proteins  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL  
(Biological study)  
(DOCK 2; functional domain and associated mol. of DOCK2  
essentially required in lymphocyte migration)

IT G proteins (guanine nucleotide-binding proteins)  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study)  
(Rac; functional domain and associated mol. of DOCK2 essentially  
required in lymphocyte migration)

IT Allergy inhibitors  
Autoimmune disease  
Drug screening  
Human  
Immunosuppressants  
Molecular cloning

Mus  
(functional domain and associated mol. of DOCK2 essentially required in lymphocyte migration)

IT Transplant and Transplantation  
(graft-vs.-host reaction; functional domain and associated mol. of DOCK2 essentially required in lymphocyte migration)

IT Cell migration  
(lymphocyte; functional domain and associated mol. of DOCK2 essentially required in lymphocyte migration)

IT Lymphocyte  
(migration; functional domain and associated mol. of DOCK2 essentially required in lymphocyte migration)

IT 700389-44-2, Protein DOCK 2 (mouse) 700389-45-3, Protein DOCK 2 (human)  
700389-46-4, Protein ELMO 1 (mouse) 700389-47-5, Protein ELMO 1 (human)  
RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PRP (Properties); BIOL (Biological study)  
(amino acid sequence; functional domain and associated mol. of DOCK2 essentially required in lymphocyte migration)

IT 700390-52-9 700390-53-0  
RL: PRP (Properties)  
(unclaimed protein sequence; functional domain and associated mol. of DOCK2 essentially required in lymphocyte migration)

IT 92000-76-5  
RL: PRP (Properties)  
(unclaimed sequence; functional domain and associated mol. of DOCK2 essentially required in lymphocyte migration)

RE.CNT 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

RE

(1) Anon; BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOPHYSICAL RESEARCH COMMUNICATIONS 2002, V296, P716  
(2) Anon; BIOCHIMICA ET BIOPHYSICA ACTA 1999, V1452, P179  
(3) Anon; CELL 2001, V107, P27  
(4) Anon; NATURE 1995, V375, P338  
(5) Anon; NATURE 2001, V412, P826

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 9 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT (c) 2009 The Thomson Corporation on STN  
AN 2008:598610 BIOSIS  
DN PREV200800598609  
TI Parallel phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K)-dependent and Src-dependent pathways lead to CXCL8-mediated Rac2 activation and chemotaxis.  
AU Sai, Jiqing; Raman, Dayanidhi; Liu, Yuxin; Wikswo, John; Richmond, Ann [Reprint Author]  
CS Vanderbilt Univ, Sch Med, Dept Canc Biol, 221 Kirkland Hall, Nashville, TN 37232 USA  
ann.richmond@vanderbilt.edu  
SO Journal of Biological Chemistry, (SEP 26 2008) Vol. 283, No. 39, pp. 26538-26547.  
CODEN: JBCHA3. ISSN: 0021-9258.

DT Article  
LA English  
ED Entered STN: 29 Oct 2008  
Last Updated on STN: 29 Oct 2008

AB The requirement for phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K) in the establishment of cell polarity and motility in a number of cell types has recently come into question. In this study, we demonstrate that inhibition of PI3K by wortmannin in neutrophil-like differentiated HL60 cells expressing CXCR2 resulted in reduced cell motility but normal chemotaxis in response to a gradient of CXCL8. However, wortmannin inhibition of PI3K did impair the ability of cells to re-orient their polarity and respond quickly to a change in the direction of the CXCL8 gradient. We hypothesized that Src-regulated ELMO-Dock2-Rac2 activation mediates chemotaxis in the absence of PI3K activity.

Inhibition of Src with the small molecule inhibitor, PP2, or inhibition of Dock2 by shRNA knockdown confirmed the functional role of Src and Dock2 in regulating chemotaxis when PI3K was inhibited. Moreover, neutrophils isolated from bone marrow of hck(-/-) fgr(-/-) lyn(-/-) mice exhibited much more severe inhibition of chemotaxis when PI3K was blocked with wortmannin as compared with neutrophils isolated from bone marrow of wild-type mice. Thus, PI3K and Src-ELMO-Dock2 pathways work in parallel to activate Rac2 and modulate chemotaxis in response to a CXCL8 gradient in neutrophils.

CC Cytology - Animal 02506  
 Cytology - Human 02508  
 Genetics - General 03502  
 Genetics - Animal 03506  
 Genetics - Human 03508  
 Biochemistry studies - Carbohydrates 10068  
 Enzymes - General and comparative studies: coenzymes 10802  
 Blood - Blood and lymph studies 15002  
 Blood - Blood cell studies 15004  
 Immunology - General and methods 34502

IT Major Concepts  
 Molecular Genetics (Biochemistry and Molecular Biophysics)

IT Parts, Structures, & Systems of Organisms  
 neutrophil: immune system, blood and lymphatics; bone marrow: immune system, blood and lymphatics

IT Chemicals & Biochemicals  
 CXCL8; wortmannin; phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase [PI3K] [EC 2.7.1.137]; Rac2

IT Miscellaneous Descriptors  
 cell motility; chemotaxis; cell polarity; Src-dependent pathway

ORGN Classifier  
 Hominidae 86215  
 Super Taxa  
 Primates; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia  
 Organism Name  
 HL60 cell line (cell\_line): human leukemia cells  
 Taxa Notes  
 Animals, Chordates, Humans, Mammals, Primates, Vertebrates

ORGN Classifier  
 Muridae 86375  
 Super Taxa  
 Rodentia; Mammalia; Vertebrata; Chordata; Animalia  
 Organism Name  
 mouse (common)  
 Taxa Notes  
 Animals, Chordates, Mammals, Nonhuman Vertebrates, Nonhuman Mammals, Rodents, Vertebrates

RN 19545-26-7 (wortmannin)  
 115926-52-8 (phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase)  
 115926-52-8 (PI3K)  
 115926-52-8 (EC 2.7.1.137)

GEN mouse shRNA gene (Muridae): expression

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AN 2008:1148195 SCISEARCH

GA The Genuine Article (R) Number: 350GV

TI Parallel phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K)-dependent and Src-dependent pathways lead to CXCL8-mediated Rac2 activation and chemotaxis

AU Richmond, Ann (Reprint)

CS Vanderbilt Univ, Sch Med, Dept Canc Biol, 221 Kirkland Hall, Nashville, TN 37232 USA (Reprint)  
 E-mail: ann.richmond@vanderbilt.edu

AU Sai, Jiqing; Raman, Dayanidhi; Richmond, Ann (Reprint)  
 CS Vanderbilt Univ, Sch Med, Dept Canc Biol, Nashville, TN 37232 USA  
 E-mail: ann.richmond@vanderbilt.edu  
 AU Richmond, Ann (Reprint)  
 CS Vanderbilt Univ, Sch Med, Dept Vet Affairs, Nashville, TN 37232 USA  
 E-mail: ann.richmond@vanderbilt.edu  
 AU Liu, Yuxin; Wikswo, John  
 CS Vanderbilt Univ, Sch Engn, VIIBRE & Biomed Engn, Nashville, TN 37212 USA  
 CYA USA  
 SO JOURNAL OF BIOLOGICAL CHEMISTRY, (26 SEP 2008) Vol. 283, No. 39, pp.  
 26538-26547.  
 ISSN: 0021-9258.  
 PB AMER SOC BIOCHEMISTRY MOLECULAR BIOLOGY INC, 9650 ROCKVILLE PIKE,  
 BETHESDA, MD 20814-3996 USA.  
 DT Article; Journal  
 LA English  
 REC Reference Count: 47  
 ED Entered STN: 2 Oct 2008  
 Last Updated on STN: 23 Oct 2008  
 AB The requirement for phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase (PI3K) in the  
 establishment of cell polarity and motility in a number of cell types has  
 recently come into question. In this study, we demonstrate that  
 inhibition of PI3K by wortmannin in neutrophil-like differentiated HL60  
 cells expressing CXCR2 resulted in reduced cell motility but normal  
 chemotaxis in response to a gradient of CXCL8. However, wortmannin  
 inhibition of PI3K did impair the ability of cells to re-orient their  
 polarity and respond quickly to a change in the direction of the CXCL8  
 gradient. We hypothesized that Src-regulated ELMO-Dock2  
 -Rac2 activation mediates chemotaxis in the absence of PI3K activity.  
 Inhibition of Src with the small molecule inhibitor, PP2, or inhibition of  
 Dock2 by shRNA knockdown confirmed the functional role of Src and  
 Dock2 in regulating chemotaxis when PI3K was inhibited. Moreover,  
 neutrophils isolated from bone marrow of hck(-/-) fgr(-/-) lyn(-/-) mice  
 exhibited much more severe inhibition of chemotaxis when PI3K was blocked  
 with wortmannin as compared with neutrophils isolated from bone marrow of  
 wild-type mice. Thus, PI3K and Src-ELMO-Dock2  
 pathways work in parallel to activate Rac2 and modulate chemotaxis in  
 response to a CXCL8 gradient in neutrophils.  
 CC BIOCHEMISTRY & MOLECULAR BIOLOGY  
 STP KeyWords Plus (R): NUCLEOTIDE EXCHANGE ACTIVITY; NEUTROPHIL CHEMOTAXIS;  
 FAMILY; PI3K-GAMMA; PROTEINS; POLARITY; DOCK180; CELLS; DICTYOSTELIUM;  
 ELMO1

RE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RPY)	VOL (RVL)	ARN PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)
=====	+	+	+	=====
ANDREW N	2007	9	193	NAT CELL BIOL
BENARD V	1999	274	13198	J BIOL CHEM
BOXIO R	2004	75	604	J LEUKOCYTE BIOL
CAMPS M	2005	11	936	NAT MED
CHEN L F	2007	12	603	DEV CELL
COTE J F	2005	7	797	NAT CELL BIOL
COTE J F	2006	406	41	METHOD ENZYMOL
COTE J F	2002	115	4901	J CELL SCI
DEBAKKER C D	2004	14	2208	CURR BIOL
FERGUS G J	2007	9	86	NAT CELL BIOL
FILIPPI M D	2004	5	744	NAT IMMUNOL
GRIMSLEY C M	2004	279	6087	J BIOL CHEM
GU Y	2001	276	15929	J BIOL CHEM
GUMIENNY T L	2001	107	27	CELL
HASEGAWA H	1996	16	1770	MOL CELL BIOL
HEIT B	2008	9	743	NAT IMMUNOL

HEIT B	2008	121	205	J CELL SCI
HIRSCH E	2000	287	1049	SCIENCE
HOELLER O	2007	17	813	CURR BIOL
KATOH H	2003	424	461	NATURE
KUNISAKI Y	2006	174	647	J CELL BIOL
LI S J	2002	169	5043	J IMMUNOL
LI Z	2000	287	1046	SCIENCE
LIU Y X	2008	10	499	BIOMED MICRODEVICES
LOOVERS H M	2006	17	1503	MOL BIOL CELL
LOWELL C A	1994	8	387	GENE DEV
LU M J	2006	406	388	METHOD ENZYMOL
LU M J	2005	15	371	CURR BIOL
MA Y C	2000	102	635	CELL
MELLER N	2005	118	4937	J CELL SCI
NEEL N F	2007	120	1559	J CELL SCI
NISHIHARA H	2002	100	3968	BLOOD
NOMBELAARRIETA C	2004	21	429	IMMUNITY
PARENTE C A	1998	95	81	CELL
ROBERTS A W	1999	10	183	IMMUNITY
SAI J Q	2006	281	35931	J BIOL CHEM
SANUI T	2003	102	2948	BLOOD
SASAKI T	2000	287	1040	SCIENCE
SERVANT G	2000	287	1037	SCIENCE
SHINOHARA M	2002	416	759	NATURE
SMITH L D	2007	19	2528	CELL SIGNAL
TAKEDA K	2007	282	11874	J BIOL CHEM
VANHAASTERT P J M	2007	177	809	J CELL BIOL
WANG F	2002	4	513	NAT CELL BIOL
WEINER O D	2002	4	509	NAT CELL BIOL
WELCH H C E	2002	108	809	CELL
YOKOYAMA N	2005	44	8841	BIOCHEMISTRY-US

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 9 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT (c) 2009 The Thomson Corporation on  
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AN 2006:285078 SCISEARCH

GA The Genuine Article (R) Number: BDV97

TI Dock180-ELMO cooperation in Rac activation

AU Lu M J (Reprint)

CS Univ Virginia, Carter Immunol Ctr, Charlottesville, VA 22903 USA (Reprint)

AU Ravichandran K S

CYA USA

SO METHODS IN ENZYMOLOGY, VOL 406, REGULATORS AND EFFECTORS OF SMALL GTPASES:  
RHO FAMILY, (2006) Vol. 406, pp. 388-402.  
ISSN: 0076-6879.

PB ELSEVIER ACADEMIC PRESS INC, 525 B STREET, SUITE 1900, SAN DIEGO, CA  
92101-4495 USA.

DT General Review; Journal

LA English

REC Reference Count: 29

ED Entered STN: 24 Mar 2006  
Last Updated on STN: 10 Aug 2006

AB Dock180 superfamily of proteins has been recently identified as novel,  
unconventional guanine nucleotide exchange factors (GEF) for Rho-family  
GTPases. Unlike most other GEFs for Rho-family GTPases, Dock180 family  
members do not contain the characteristic Dbl homology (DH) domain.  
Instead, they use a conserved "Docker" or "CZH2" domain to mediate the  
nucleotide exchange on Rho-family GTPases. The Dock180 family members are  
evolutionarily conserved from worms to mammals. They play critical roles  
in a number of biological processes essential for the normal development  
of entire organisms, as well as for the physiological responses of these  
organisms, including removal of apoptotic cells and directed cell  
migration in *C. elegans*; myoblast fusion, and dorsal closure in

Drosophila; lymphocyte migration, T-cell activation, tumor metastasis, HIV infection, and development of neuronal degenerative diseases in mammals. All these biological activities of the Dock180 family members have been linked to their ability to activate their specific GTPase substrate. At least four members of the Dock180 family bind to another evolutionarily conserved protein ELMO to optimally activate the Rac GTPase. The best characterized is the Rac activation by the Dock180-ELMO complex. ELMO modulates the Rac activation by Dock180 by means of at least three distinct mechanisms: helping Dock180 stabilize Rac in its nucleotide-free transition state; relieving a self-inhibition of Dock180; and targeting Dock180 to the plasma membrane to gain access to Rac. Thus, Dock180 and ELMO function together as a bipartite GEF to optimally activate Rac on upstream stimulation to mediate the engulfment of apoptotic cells and cell migration.

CC BIOCHEMICAL RESEARCH METHODS; BIOCHEMISTRY & MOLECULAR BIOLOGY

STP KeyWords Plus (R): NUCLEOTIDE-EXCHANGE FACTORS; CELL-MIGRATION; RHO-GTPASES; CRKII/DOCK180/RAC PATHWAY; APOPTOTIC CELLS; PH DOMAIN; PROTEIN; PHAGOCYTOSIS; ELEGANS; DOCK2

RE

Referenced Author (RAU)	Year (RPY)	VOL (RVL)	ARN PG (RPG)	Referenced Work (RWK)
=====	+	+	+	=====
ALBERT M L	2000	2	899	NAT CELL BIOL
BISHOP A L	2000	348	241	BIOCHEM J 2
BRUGNERA E	2002	4	574	NAT CELL BIOL
COTE J F	2002	115	4901	J CELL SCI
DEBAKKER C D	2004	14	2208	CURR BIOL
ERICKSON M R S	1997	138	589	J CELL BIOL
FUKUI Y	2001	412	826	NATURE
GRIMSLEY C M	2004	279	6087	J BIOL CHEM
GUMIENNY T L	2001	107	27	CELL
HASEGAWA H	1996	16	1770	MOL CELL BIOL
HOFFMAN G R	2002	513	85	FEBS LETT
ISHIMARU S	2004	23	3984	EMBO J
KATOH H	2003	424	461	NATURE
KIYOKAWA E	1998	12	3331	GENE DEV
LU M J	2004	11	756	NAT STRUCT MOL BIOL
LU M J	2005	15	371	CURR BIOL
MELLER N	2002	4	639	NAT CELL BIOL
NAMEKATA K	2004	279	14331	J BIOL CHEM
NISHIKIMI A	2005	579	1039	FEBS LETT
REDDIEN P W	2000	2	131	NAT CELL BIOL
ROSSMAN K L	2005	6	167	NAT REV MOL CELL BIO
ROSSMAN K L	2003	278	18393	J BIOL CHEM
SANUI T	2003	19	119	IMMUNITY
SANUI T	2003	102	2948	BLOOD
SCHMIDT A	2002	16	1587	GENE DEV
WU Y C	1998	392	501	NATURE
WU Y C	2001	1	491	DEV CELL
YAJNIK V	2003	112	673	CELL
ZHOU W S	2001	12	1	J VIS COMMUN IMAGE R

L3 ANSWER 9 OF 9 DISSABS COPYRIGHT (C) 2009 ProQuest Information and Learning Company; All Rights Reserved on STN

AN 2008:59054 DISSABS Order Number: AAI3304335

TI The dock family of atypical guanine nucleotide exchange factors: Regulation by ELMO1 and RhoG

AU Holley, Cynthia P. [Ph.D.]; Sondek, John [advisor]

CS The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill (0153)

SO Dissertation Abstracts International, (2008) Vol. 69, No. 4B, p. 2167. Order No.: AAI3304335. 121 pages. ISBN: 978-0-549-53518-8.

DT Dissertation

FS DAI

LA English

ED Entered STN: 20081024

Last Updated on STN: 20081024

AB The Dock family of proteins regulates diverse biological processes including cell migration, phagocytosis and neuronal polarization. These proteins contain a unique type of guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) domain, and function as GEFs for Rho-family GTPases. Several Dock-family proteins form complexes with ELMO proteins and the Dock/ELMO complex acts as a bi-partite GEF for Rac. Molecular details of how the Dock/ELMO complexes bind and exchange nucleotide on Rac are critical for our understanding of their biological effects, yet remain poorly defined.

As described here, purified Dock2/ELMO1 complex is a stable heterotetramer composed of two molecules each of Dock2 and ELMO1. This heterotetramer coordinates a single molecule of nucleotide-free Rac. We identify an inhibitory conformation within ELMO1 mediated through contacts between the N- and C-terminal regions of ELMO1 and describe a mechanism for relief of this inhibition through the binding of RhoG, another Rho-family GTPase. The interaction between RhoG and ELMO1 is both nucleotide-dependent, and dependent upon the C-terminal polybasic region of RhoG. These data provide fundamentally important molecular insights into the composition of the Dock/ELMO complex and regulation of nucleotide exchange via the Dock/ELMO proteins.

CC 0786 BIOPHYSICS, GENERAL

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=>

=> S L3 and screening

0 DOCK2

6 SCREENING

L4

0 L3 AND SCREENING

=> S DOCK2 and ELMO and screening

0 DOCK2

6 SCREENING

L5

0 DOCK2 AND ELMO AND SCREENING

=> s Ced-12 and DOCK2

29 12

0 CED-12

(CED(W)12)

0 DOCK2

L6

0 CED-12 AND DOCK2



=> d his full

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 16:45:35 ON 29 JAN 2009)

FILE 'EMBASE, MEDLINE, CAPLUS, BIOSIS, SCISEARCH, DISSABS, REGISTRY'  
ENTERED AT 16:48:12 ON 29 JAN 2009

L1 207 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON DOCK2  
L2 883 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON ELMO  
L3 9 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L1 AND L2  
D L3 FULL 1-9

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 16:49:59 ON 29 JAN 2009

L4 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND SCREENING  
L5 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON DOCK2 AND ELMO AND SCREENING  
L6 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON CED-12 AND DOCK2

FILE HOME

FILE EMBASE

FILE COVERS 1974 TO 29 Jan 2009 (20090129/ED)

EMBASE was reloaded on March 30, 2008.

EMBASE is now updated daily. SDI frequency remains weekly (default) and biweekly.

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For further assistance, please contact your local helpdesk.

FILE MEDLINE

FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Jan 2009 (20090128/UP). FILE COVERS 1949 TO DATE.

MEDLINE and LMEDLINE have been updated with the 2009 Medical Subject Headings (MeSH) vocabulary and tree numbers from the U.S. National Library of Medicine (NLM). Additional information is available at

[http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd08/nd08\\_medline\\_data\\_changes\\_2009](http://www.nlm.nih.gov/pubs/techbull/nd08/nd08_medline_data_changes_2009).

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

See HELP RANGE before carrying out any RANGE search.

MEDLINE Accession Numbers (ANs) for records from 1950-1977 have been converted from 8 to 10 digits. Searches using an 8 or 10 digit AN will retrieve the same record. The 10-digit ANs can be expanded, searched, and displayed in all records from 1949 to the present.

FILE CAPLUS

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 29 Jan 2009 VOL 150 ISS 5  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 28 Jan 2009 (20090128/ED)

Caplus now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2008.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

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FILE COVERS 1926 TO DATE.  
CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS AND CHEMICAL NAMES (CNs) PRESENT  
FROM JANUARY 1926 TO DATE.

RECORDS LAST ADDED: 28 January 2009 (20090128/ED)

BIOSIS has been augmented with 1.8 million archival records from 1926 through 1968. These records have been re-indexed to match current BIOSIS indexing.

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DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 28 JAN 2009 HIGHEST RN 1097265-75-2

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<http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html>

FILE STNGUIDE

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.

LAST RELOADED: Jan 23, 2009 (20090123/UP).

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ALL L# QUERIES AND ANSWER SETS ARE DELETED AT LOGOFF

LOGOFF? (Y)/N/HOLD:y

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

2.66

64.63

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

0.00

-1.64

STN INTERNATIONAL LOGOFF AT 17:13:03 ON 29 JAN 2009